Editor’s Note

Journal of Obesity & Eating Disorders is a peer-reviewed and open access journal with an aim to provide rapid and reliable source of information in the mode of original articles, review articles, case reports, short communications, etc. in all areas of the field and making them freely available through online without any restrictions or any other subscriptions to researchers worldwide.

Obesity and eating disorders are cause for many diseases. Proper monitoring of diet and exercise can decrease the chances of developing these diseases. This scientific publishes all relevant topics in the area of obesity and eating disorders and the associated areas of obesity like metabolic disorders, childhood obesity, hypertension, cancer, diabetes, bone and joint problems, diet, Sedentary lifestyle, malnutrition and weight loss medication, etc.

Current Research Works

Túry F, et al. reported some common features of anorexia by proxy syndrome study, such as the extreme low body weight, the direct life threatening situation, the chronic clinical course, the bad outcome and more interrupted therapies with deficient psychotherapeutic compliance in these syndromes. Altogether the role of the family and parents is crucial in anorexia by proxy [1].

Che Hassan HH, et al explained the reduction of BMI in morbid obesity can be dramatically achieved by bariatric surgery which can reverse and established medical complications in his study of bariatric surgery in morbid obesity patient can cure pulmonary hypertension and obstructive apnea [2]. Lawrence B. Cohen, et al. suggested the intragastric balloon removal therapy for the maintenance of weight in obese individuals [3]. Joanna Correia Lima discussed the obesity-related inflammation and covid-19 prognosis with respect to white adipose [4]. Lorna Ingram put forth his ideology in explained the knowledge, attitudes, and beliefs about food additives and obesity in his research article [5].

Hanada T, et al. reported that social isolation can have an important impact on compulsive eating disorders in the study of periodic binge eating disorder during the social isolation due to covid-19 pandemics [6]. The Transcutaneous Auricular Vagus Nerve Stimulation (TaVNS) in treatment of depression and anxiety disorders in recovery patient with feeding and eating disorders explained by Melis Y, et al in his study [7]. Sam Vaknin explained the eating disorders and personality disorders in obese individuals [8]. Ali Khalaf M, et al. concluded the main finding of the study was that less than one quarter of the sample studied was of normal weight and factors associated with obesity were older age and type of clothes worn inside the home in his study prevalence of obesity among a group of kirkuk women [9].

References

5. Citation: Ingram L (2020) Knowledge, attitudes, and beliefs about food additives and obesity. J Obes Eat Disord 6; 1-6.